

Lapland	1990	200674	95719	47,7	19797	9,9	56379	28,1	19543	9,7	102690	51,2	12319	6,1	10522	5,2	12103	6,0	67746	33,8	2265
	1991	201652	96661	47,9	19869	9,9	57076	28,3	19716	9,8	102839	51,0	12475	6,2	10560	5,2	12111	6,0	67693	33,6	2152
	1992	202433	97685	48,3	19788	9,8	57795	28,6	20102	9,9	102698	50,7	12344	6,1	10528	5,2	12189	6,0	67637	33,4	2050
	1993	202895	98461	48,5	19942	9,8	58344	28,8	20175	9,9	102508	50,5	12423	6,1	10597	5,2	12107	6,0	67381	33,2	1926
	1994	202325	98781	48,8	20257	10,0	58443	28,9	20081	9,9	101660	50,2	12445	6,2	10668	5,3	12039	6,0	66508	32,9	1884
	1995	201411	99040	49,2	20442	10,1	58424	29,0	20174	10,0	100535	49,9	12464	6,2	10563	5,2	11951	5,9	65557	32,5	1836
	1996	200579	99338	49,5	20770	10,4	58354	29,1	20214	10,1	99339	49,5	12260	6,1	10574	5,3	11872	5,9	64633	32,2	1902
	1997	199051	99307	49,9	21183	10,6	57965	29,1	20159	10,1	97755	49,1	12048	6,1	10471	5,3	11711	5,9	63525	31,9	1989
	1998	196647	98898	50,3	21288	10,8	57640	29,3	19970	10,2	95831	48,7	11854	6,0	10373	5,3	11517	5,9	62087	31,6	1918
	1999	194352	98952	50,9	21439	11,0	57650	29,7	19863	10,2	94282	48,5	11779	6,1	10337	5,3	11333	5,8	60833	31,3	1118
	2000	191768	98375	51,3	21623	11,3	56995	29,7	19757	10,3	92295	48,1	11540	6,0	10156	5,3	11214	5,8	59385	31,0	1098
	2001	189288	97837	51,7	21837	11,5	56292	29,7	19708	10,4	90305	47,7	11207	5,9	10014	5,3	10957	5,8	58127	30,7	1146
	2002	187777	97364	51,9	21775	11,6	55870	29,8	19719	10,5	89230	47,5	10979	5,8	9918	5,3	10790	5,7	57543	30,6	1183
	2003	186917	97352	52,1	21743	11,6	55903	29,9	19706	10,5	88361	47,3	10832	5,8	9945	5,3	10657	5,7	56927	30,5	1204
	2004	186443	97810	52,5	21987	11,8	55977	30,0	19846	10,6	87644	47,0	10747	5,8	9953	5,3	10608	5,7	56336	30,2	989
	2005	185800	98312	52,9	22130	11,9	56104	30,2	20078	10,8	86405	46,5	10600	5,7	9834	5,3	10450	5,6	55521	29,9	1083
	2006	184935	98714	53,4	22443	12,1	56186	30,4	20085	10,9	85200	46,1	10401	5,6	9733	5,3	10303	5,6	54763	29,6	1021
	2007	184390	99388	53,9	22709	12,3	56676	30,7	20003	10,8	83936	45,5	10275	5,6	9729	5,3	10104	5,5	53828	29,2	1066
	2008	183963	100033	54,4	23196	12,6	56877	30,9	19960	10,9	82861	45,0	10089	5,5	9618	5,2	9977	5,4	53177	28,9	1069
	2009	183748	100427	54,7	23528	12,8	57029	31,0	19870	10,8	82131	44,7	9934	5,4	9562	5,2	9887	5,4	52748	28,7	1190
	2010	183488	100702	54,9	23877	13,0	56901	31,0	19924	10,9	81479	44,4	9856	5,4	9535	5,2	9824	5,4	52264	28,5	1307
	2011	183330	101144	55,2	24250	13,2	56879	31,0	20015	10,9	80873	44,1	9779	5,3	9526	5,2	9724	5,3	51844	28,3	1313
	2012	182844	101327	55,4	24531	13,4	56709	31,0	20087	11,0	80080	43,8	9686	5,3	9439	5,2	9550	5,2	51405	28,1	1437
	2013	182514	101458	55,6	24891	13,6	56619	31,0	19948	10,9	79164	43,4	9639	5,3	9335	5,1	9469	5,2	50721	27,8	1892
	2014	181748	101492	55,8	25046	13,8	56582	31,1	19864	10,9	78150	43,0	9596	5,3	9257	5,1	9288	5,1	50009	27,5	2106
	2015	180858	101591	56,2	25340	14,0	56713	31,4	19538	10,8	77028	42,6	9465	5,2	9147	5,1	9173	5,1	49243	27,2	2239
	2016	180207	101587	56,4	25629	14,2	56549	31,4	19409	10,8	76018	42,2	9340	5,2	9111	5,1	8977	5,0	48590	27,0	2602
	2017	179223	101337	56,5	25594	14,3	56359	31,4	19384	10,8	75179	41,9	9207	5,1	9055	5,1	8893	5,0	48024	26,8	2707

The statistics use the regional division of 1 January 2018.

Urban-rural classification: Geographical information systems (GIS) with extensively detailed, register-based datasets introduce new insights into the process of classifying urban and rural areas. The independence of administrative borders makes it possible to recognise and classify areas in greater detail than before. The new classification system replaces the previously used urban-rural regional classification system and the trisection of rural areas, which were based on municipal boundaries. The geographical information-based area classification system has been created by the Finnish Environment Institute and the Department of Geography of the University of Oulu.

The classification system is implemented using a nationwide 250 x 250 m grid of cells. Each cell is categorized into one of seven classes according to the defined criteria.

Urban areas: The population centres of urban areas are agglomerations with more than 15 000 residents. Each of these agglomerations consists of a core urban area, which is then divided into an inner and outer urban area. Surrounding the core urban area is a peri-urban area.

1. Inner urban area: A compact and densely built area with continuous development.
2. Outer urban area: A dense urban area extending from the boundary of the inner urban area to the outer edge of the continuous built area.
3. Peri-urban area: A part of the intermediate zone between urban and rural, which is directly linked to an urban area.

Rural areas: Different rural types are delineated for the areas that have not been identified as urban. The boundary between urban and rural areas is not unambiguous. The classification framework has been designed to be flexible, which makes it possible to identify an intermediate zone between urban and rural that can be examined as its own whole. This can be done, for instance, by combining two classes, the peri-urban area and rural areas close to urban

4. Local centres in rural areas: Population centres located outside urban areas.
5. Rural areas close to urban areas: Areas with a rural character that are functionally connected and close to urban areas.
6. Rural heartland areas: Rural areas with intensive land use, with a relatively dense population and a diverse economic structure at the local level.
7. Sparsely populated rural areas: Sparsely populated areas with dispersed small settlements that are located at a distance from each other. Most of the land areas are forested.

Latest update:

20181001 09:00
Source: Statistics Finland
Units: Persons, %